Statement-II

State-wise list of Sick Sugar Companies registered with BIFR as on 30.6.1994

Sl.No.	State/Company
	Andhra Pradesh
1.	Challapalli Sugar
	Bihar
2.	Champaran Sugar
	Karnataka
3.	Davnagare Sugar Company
4.	Salarjung Sugar
5.	Gangawati Sugar
	Madhya Pradesh
6.	Jiwaji Rao Sugar
	Maharashtra
7.	Godavari Sugar Mills
	Punjab
8.	Bhagwanpura Sugar Mills
	Rajasthan
9.	Mewar Sugar
	Uttar Pradesh
10.	Laxmi Sugar Mills
11.	*Cawnpore Sugar Works Ltd.
12.	*Shervani Sugar Syndicate Ltd.
	West Bengal
13.	Ramnuger Cane (Khitan Agro Complex)

*Under Enquiry by B.I.F.R

Subsidy in Foodgrains

2497. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:
SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU:

Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount of annual foodgrains subsidy paid State-wise during 1991-92, 1992-93, 1993-94 and so far in 1994-95;

(b) what is the amount of estimated foodgrains subsidy during 1994-95;

(c) whether Government propose to increase sugar subsidy to meet the high cost of import of sugar; if so, what are the details thereof; and

(d) by how much this increase in sugar subsidy will increase the estimated amount of subsidy during 1994-95?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) and (b) Government does not pay food subsidy directly to the consumers or the State Government etc. It is released/paid to the Food-Corporation of India for reimbursement of (i) the difference between economic cost of foodgrains and their issue prices viz. consumer subsidy; and (ii) carrying cost of buffer stocks. Since 1991-92 Government has released/paid the following amounts to the FCI as food subsidy:—

(Rs. Crores)

Year	Food subsidy paid/ released to Food Corporation of India
1991-92	2,850
1992-93	2,785
1993-94	5,537

During the current financial year a budget provision of Rs. 4,000 crores has been made on this account. Out of this a sum of Rs. 1,491 crores has so far been released towards food subsidy.

(c) and (d) It has been estimated that the sale of imported sugar through PDS will require to be subsidised at the rate of Rs. 685 per quintal due to its higher cost. Thus the subsidy estimate for 1994-95 are likely to go up by another Rs. 685 crores approximately. Final figures will however be available only after the accounts for the year are finalised and audited.

भारतीय खाद्य निगम के गोदाम

2498. श्री सुशील कुमार संभाजीराव शिन्दे: क्या खाद्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश में भारतीय खाद्य निगम के गोदाम कहां-कहां हैं;

(ख) उक्त गोदामों में से प्रत्येक की भंडारण क्षमता कितनी-कितनी है;

(ग) किन-किन गोदामों में भंडारण क्षमता की कमी के कारण खाद्यान्नों को खुले में रखा जा रहा है और इस तरह से रखे जाने वाले खाद्यान्नों की मात्रा कितनी है;

(घ) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान खाद्यान्नों को खुले में रखने के कारण इसकी कितनी मात्रा क्षतिग्रस्त हुई और इस प्रकार कितना नुकसान हुआ;

(ङ) क्या सरकार गादामों की कम क्षमता और खाद्यान्नों को हो रहे नुकसान को ध्यान में रखते हुए गोदामों की संख्या तथा क्षमता में वृद्धि करने पर विचार कर रही है;

(च) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(छ) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं?

खाद्य मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री कल्पनाथ राय): (क) से (ग) 31.3.94 को स्थिति के अनुसार भारतीय खाद्य निगम के गोदामों के स्थानों के नाम, इनकी भण्डारण क्षमता और कैप (खुले में) भण्डारण में रखे गए स्टाक की मात्रा अनुपत्र में दी गई है। **[देखिए परिशिष्ट 171, अनुपत्र संख्या 39 (मूल संस्करण)]**

(घ) खुले अर्थात् कवर और प्लिंथ (कैप) के अधीन भण्डारित खाद्यान्नों के स्टाक को हुई क्षति और उसकी कीमत का ब्यौरा निम्नानुसार है:-

वर्ष	क्षतिग्रस्त मात्रा (मी.टन)	मूल्य (रुपये)
1991-92	304.9	5,83,315.08
1992-93	316.8	8,83,819,30

(ङ) और (च) भारतीय खाद्य निगम की आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान 6.62 लाख मीटरी टन की अतिरिक्त भण्डारण क्षमता का निर्माण करने की योजना है। इस योजना में पहाड़ी, पिछड़े, दुर्गम और भारी वसूली क्षेत्रों में भण्डारण सुविधा मुहैया करने के लिए विशेष बल दिया जाएगा। इसमें से मई, 1994 तक 2.68 लाख मीटरी टन की क्षमता का पहले ही निर्माण कर लिया गया है।

(छ) प्रश्न ही नहीं उठता।

Derogatory Remarks Against Senior Officers

2499. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
SHRI ANANTRAY DEVSHANKER DAVE:

Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some derogatory remarks were used publicly by the Minister against Cabinet Secretary and Food Secretary recently; and

(b) if so, what are the conduct Rules under which they have been subjected to public humiliation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Price of Sugar in Open Market

2500. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
SHRI G.G. SWELL:

Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) what was the price of the "free" sale sugar in the market in last August to November, the month-wise details;

(b) when the shortage of sugar was estimated for the current year;

(c) what is the total sale of sugar in the open market after the rise in prices in November to date;

(d) what was the month-wise sale price since November 1993 till date; and

(e) what is the total amount paid by the people by purchasing sugar at higher prices due to shortage?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) Month-wise details of price of free sale sugar (S-30 Grade) in the five principal markets of the country from August, 1993 to November, 1993 are shown in the statement-I. (*See* below).

(b) Sugar production in the current 1993-94 season had shown an increasing trend upto December, 1993. But keeping in vew the declining trend thereafter, it was anticipated that there would be shortfall in the availability of sugar as compared to the requirement to ensure adequate availability, as also to contain the prices of sugar, it was decided to allow import of sugar under O.G.L. on 15th March, 1994.

(c) Total quantity released in freesale from November, 1993 to August, 1994 is 58.84 lakh tonnes.